

## Submission Checklist for NIH-Funded Research Articles

Article \_\_\_\_\_ Journal \_\_\_\_\_

### Before you publish

- **Determine if the journal deposits in PubMed Central automatically.** Check [http://publicaccess.nih.gov/submit\\_process\\_journals.htm](http://publicaccess.nih.gov/submit_process_journals.htm) for a list of journals that participate in automatic submission of articles to PubMed Central in a way that is compliant with the NIH Public Access Policy. If you are publishing in a journal from that list, all you need to do is submit your article to the journal for publication; you need not do anything further to comply with the submission requirement, and you can skip ahead to the final task below. If your journal is not in that list, continue with all tasks listed below.
- **Review journal's Instructions to Authors.** Before you submit the article for publication, review the journal's Instructions to Authors for any specific information or instructions related to the NIH Public Access Policy.
  - Preview the *Instructions to Authors* for over 3,500 journals, use the directory of Instructions to Authors in the Health Sciences at <http://mulford.meduohio.edu/instr/>.
  - Preview *publishers' or journals' standard policies regarding publication*, consult the SHERPA/RoMEO database at <http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo.php>; in particular, check the "Mandated OA" section of the publisher's or journal's record to see its policy with regard to the NIH Public Access Policy.
  - Submit for publication in the journal and in your submission, be sure to inform the journal that the article is subject to the NIH Public Access Policy. You may send a "submission letter" with the manuscript modeled after the Duke University letter: <http://www.medicine.iu.edu/documents/RLML/iusubmissionletter.doc>.
- **Review your publisher's copyright transfer or publication agreement** to make sure it specifically allows the *final, peer-reviewed* manuscript to be deposited in PubMed Central immediately upon acceptance for publication, and made *available to the public in PubMed Central no later than 12 months after journal publication*.
  - If the agreement does not clearly reserve or secure those rights, *attach an Author Addendum* before signing and returning the agreement. For a ready-to-print addendum using NIH-recommended language, see <http://publicaccess.nih.gov/FAQ.htm - c3>.
  - Should you require legal guidance, contact: Joe Scodro, University Counsel, 274-7460, [jscodro@iupui.edu](mailto:jscodro@iupui.edu).

### When your article is accepted for publication

- **Do you need to add a publication version statement to your manuscript?** Some journals may require a statement to accompany the final peer-reviewed manuscript indicating that the manuscript is not the final published version of the article. If necessary, add the required statement to your manuscript before submitting to PubMed Central.
- **Submit to PubMed Central.** Once the article is accepted for publication, submit the final, peer-reviewed manuscript to PubMed Central, using the NIH Manuscript Submission system (NIHMS) at <http://www.nihms.nih.gov/>. NIH estimates that the NIHMS submission process should take between 3 and 10 minutes.
  - Follow instructions at [http://publicaccess.nih.gov/submit\\_process.htm](http://publicaccess.nih.gov/submit_process.htm) or the tutorials at <http://www.nihms.nih.gov/web-help/index.html>.
  - When choosing the embargo period (the delay before the article is made available to the public), make sure it agrees with your publication agreement, but is no greater than 12 months from publication.

### When you prepare NIH applications, proposals and progress reports

- **Cite with PMCID.** When citing articles in NIH applications, proposals, and progress reports after May 25, 2008, include the unique PubMed Central ID (PMCID) at the end of the citation, as follows:

*Embry A, Hinojosa E, Orihuela CJ. 2007. Regions of Diversity 8, 9 and 13 contribute to Streptococcus pneumoniae virulence. BMC Microbiology 7(80). PMCID: 2045101.*

- Note: the PMCID is not the same as the PubMed ID (PMID).
- To find the PMCID for a given article, use PubMed Central Search at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/entrez?db=pmc>. The PMCID for each article will be shown in the search results (but not currently on the Abstract or Full Text pages) for PMC articles.
- Another way to find the PMCID is to look in the PubMed Central URL for the article; if you see *artid=* followed by a number, that number is the PMCID. (For example, the URL for the article cited above is <http://www.pubmedcentral.nih.gov/articlerender.fcgi?artid=2045101>).
- IUSM Medical Library librarians can assist you with locating the PMCID for articles you need to cite: [medlref@iupui.edu](mailto:medlref@iupui.edu).
- If the PMCID has not yet been assigned to an article you need to reference the NIHMS ID --the reference number assigned when the article was submitted through the NIHMS (see above). *NOTE: please keep a record of the manuscript submission so the NIHMS ID can be easily located should it be needed for inclusion in grant reports, applications, etc.*

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